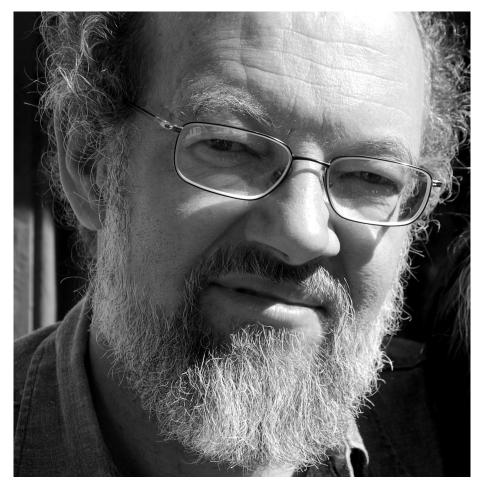
Hans Huyssen

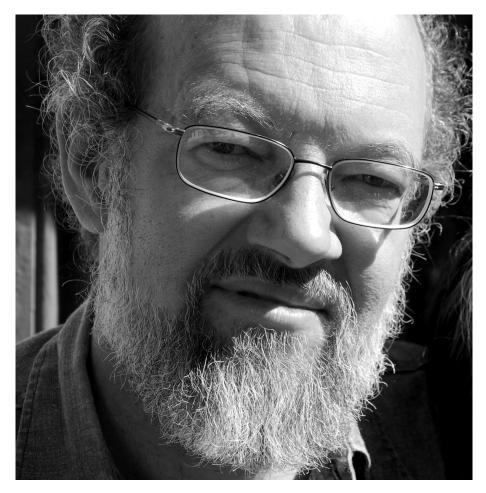
PROPOSING A COMPLEXITY THEORY OF MUSIC

- 1. What is a complex system?
- 2. Why should music be considered a complex phenomenon?

3. What are the implications of a complexity perspective on music?

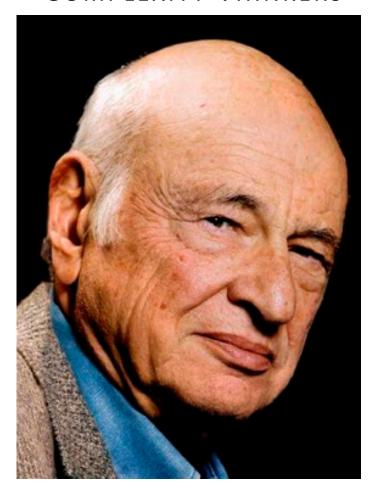


Paul Cilliers (1956-2011)

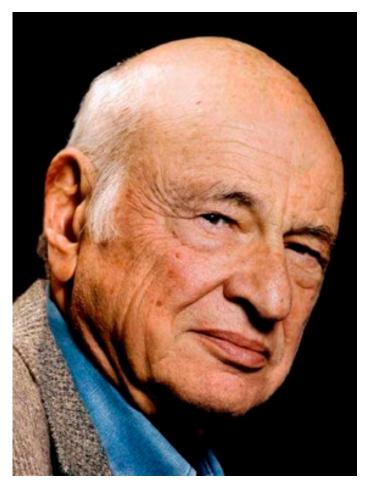


Paul Cilliers (1956-2011)

'Diversity is not a problem to be solved; it is the precondition for the existence of any interesting behaviour.'



Edgar Morin (*1921)



Edgar Morin (*1921)

'I am not furnishing the method; I am starting out on the search for the method. I am not starting out with a method; I am starting out with the refusal to simplify.'

1. The whole is more than the sum of its parts:

$$W > P_1 + P_2 (+ P_n)$$

1. The whole is more than the sum of its parts:

$$W > P_1 + P_2 (+ P_n)$$

example: H₂O

Water

(i.e. blue, life-supporting liquid and universal solvent)

is the improbable, unpredictable 'result' from covalent bonds of

Hydrogen + Oxygen

(both highly reactive, colorless gasses, oxygen being toxic to anaerobic organisms)

The 'product' is qualitatively different/other than its substances.

The nature of the whole cannot be deduced from, nor reduced to the substance of the parts.

$$H_2O > H_2 + O$$
 | $H_2O \neq H_2 + O$

Water *emerges* from Hydrogen & Oxygen

The 'product' is qualitatively different/other than its substances.

The nature of the whole cannot be deduced from, nor reduced to the substance of the parts.

$$H_2O > H_2 + O$$
 | $H_2O \neq H_2 + O$

Water emerges from Hydrogen & Oxygen

proposing a symbol for *Emergence* (i.e. 'somewhat more' and 'different'):

$$E \rightarrow \langle \rightarrow \psi \rightarrow \rangle$$

The 'product' is qualitatively different/other than its substances.

The nature of the whole cannot be deduced from, nor reduced to the substance of the parts.

$$H_2O > H_2 + O$$
 | $H_2O \neq H_2 + O$

Water *emerges* from Hydrogen & Oxygen

Emergence

>

The 'product' is qualitatively different/other than its substances.

The nature of the whole cannot be deduced from, nor reduced to the substance of the parts.

$$H_2O > H_2 + O$$
 | $H_2O \neq H_2 + O$

Water *emerges* from Hydrogen & Oxygen

$$H_2O \rightarrow H_2 + O$$

1. The whole is more than the sum of its parts:

$$W > P_1 + P_2 (+ P_n)$$

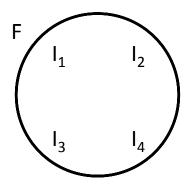
2. The whole is less than the sum of its parts:

$$W < P_1 + P_2 (+ P_n)$$

2. The whole is less than the sum of its parts:

$$W < P_1 + P_2 (+ P_n)$$

example: family



F = family I = individual

 $I_1 \qquad I_2$

 I_3 I_4

man, Greek, Catholic
economist, consultant
marathon runner, mentor
son, brother, uncle, lover
husband, father

woman, Italian, Socialist architect, lecturer, author best friend, muse daughter, sister, niece mother, wife

12

 I_3

father, husband film critic, chef IT specialist, agnostic man, South African daughter, sister
social worker
student, dancer
political activist, Buddhist
woman, South African

Individual 1

man, Greek, Catholic
economist, consultant
marathon runner, mentor
son, brother, uncle, lover

Individual 2

woman, Italian, Socialist architect, lecturer, author best friend, muse daughter, sister, niece

husband, father mother, wife brother, son daughter, sister

F

father, husband film critic, chef
IT specialist, agnostic man, South African,
Individual 3

social worker
student, dancer
political activist, Buddhist
woman, South African
Individual 4

F

husband, father mother, wife brother, son daughter, sister

 I_1

man, Greek, Catholic economist, consultant marathon runner, mentor son, brother, uncle, lover

husband, father

brother, son

father, husband film critic, chef IT specialist, agnostic man, South African, Individual 3

<u>Individual 2</u>

woman, Italian, Socialist architect, lecturer, author best friend, muse daughter, sister, niece

mother, wife

daughter, sister

social worker
student, dancer
political activist, Buddhist
woman, South African
Individual 4

 I_1

man, Greek, Catholic economist, consultant marathon runner, mentor son, brother, uncle, lover

husband, father

brother, son

father, husband film critic, chef
IT specialist, agnostic man, South African,
Individual 3

<u>Individual 2</u>

woman, Italian, Socialist architect, lecturer, author best friend, muse daughter, sister, niece

mother, wife

daughter, sister

social worker
student, dancer
political activist, Buddhist
woman, South African
Individual 4

Individual 1

man, Greek, Catholic
economist, consultant
marathon runner, mentor
son, brother, uncle, lover

Individual 2

woman, Italian, Socialist architect, lecturer, author best friend, muse daughter, sister, niece

husband, father mother, wife brother, son daughter, sister

F

father, husband film critic, chef
IT specialist, agnostic man, South African,
Individual 3

social worker
student, dancer
political activist, Buddhist
woman, South African
Individual 4

Individual 1

man, Greek, Catholic
economist, consultant
marathon runner, mentor
son, brother, uncle, lover

husband, father

brother, son

father, husband film critic, chef
IT specialist, agnostic man, South African,
Individual 3

Individual 2

woman, Italian, Socialist

architect, lecturer, author best friend, muse

daughter, sister, niece

mother, wife

daughter, sister

social worker
student, dancer
political activist, Buddhist
woman, South African
Individual 4

Individual 1

man, Greek, Catholic
economist, consultant
marathon runner, mentor
son, brother, uncle, lover

husband, father

brother, son

father, husband film critic, chef
IT specialist, agnostic
man, South African,
Individual 3

Individual 2

woman, Italian, Socialist architect, lecturer, author best friend, muse daughter, sister, niece

mother, wife

daughter, sister

social worker
student, dancer
political activist, Buddhist
woman, South African
Individual 4

Framed from a family perspective individuals with multiple relationships / identities / qualifications / abilities / propensities are 'reduced' to more or less restricted systemic positions / functions / roles

$$F < I_1 + I_2 (+ I_n)$$
 | $F \neq I_1 + I_2 (+ I_n)$

The system *constrains* the individual potential of its members.

Framed from a family perspective individuals with multiple relationships / identities / qualifications / abilities / propensities are 'reduced' to more or less restricted systemic positions / functions / roles

$$F < I_1 + I_2 (+ I_n)$$
 | $F \neq I_1 + I_2 (+ I_n)$

The system *constrains* the individual potential of its members.

proposing a symbol for *Constraint* ('somewhat less' and 'different'):

$$C \rightarrow \langle \rightarrow \langle$$

Framed from a family perspective individuals with multiple relationships / identities / qualifications / abilities / propensities are 'reduced' to more or less restricted systemic positions / functions / roles

$$F < I_1 + I_2 (+ I_n)$$
 $F \ne I_1 + I_2 (+ I_n)$

The system *constrains* the individual potential of its members.

Constraint

<

Framed from a family perspective individuals with multiple relationships / identities / qualifications / abilities / propensities are 'reduced' to more or less restricted systemic positions / functions / roles

$$F < I_1 + I_2 (+ I_n)$$
 | $F \neq I_1 + I_2 (+ I_n)$

The system *constrains* the individual potential of its members.

$$F \in I_1 + I_2 (+I_n)$$

1. The whole is *more* than the sum of its parts:

$$W > P_1 + P_2 (+ P_n)$$

2. The whole is *less* than the sum of its parts:

$$W < P_1 + P_2 (+ P_n)$$

3. The whole is *more and less* than the sum of its parts:

$$W \leq P_1 + P_2 (+ P_n)$$

3. The whole is *more and less* than the sum of its parts:

$$W \leq P_1 + P_2 (+ P_n)$$

previous examples hold:

Water

not only gains from its constituting parts but also loses some of the qualities of its constituent parts: is not gaseous, flammable, combustible, toxic any more

Family

not only restricts its members but concurrently enriches the individual:

providing its very existence, ancestry, relatives, heritage, support-system, inheritance

The whole is more *and* less than the sum of its parts:

$$W \leq P_1 + P_2 (+ P_n)$$

The whole is more and less than the sum of its parts:

$$W \leq P_1 + P_2 (+ P_n)$$

The whole is not the sum of its parts:

$$W \neq P_1 + P_2 (+ P_n)$$

The whole is more and less than the sum of its parts:

$$W \leq P_1 + P_2 (+ P_n)$$

The whole is not the sum of its parts:

$$W \neq P_1 + P_2 (+ P_n)$$

The 'whole' is not the whole:

$$W \neq W$$

The whole is more *and* less than the sum of its parts:

$$W \leq P_1 + P_2 (+ P_n)$$

The whole is not the sum of its parts:

$$W \neq P_1 + P_2 (+ P_n)$$

The 'whole' is not the whole:

$$W \neq W$$

The whole emerges from *and* constrains its parts:

$$W \leftrightarrow W$$

The whole is more *and* less than the sum of its parts:

$$W \leq P_1 + P_2 (+ P_n)$$

The whole is not the sum of its parts:

$$W \neq P_1 + P_2 (+ P_n)$$

The 'whole' is not the whole:

$$W \neq W$$

The whole emerges from *and* constrains its parts:

$$W \leftrightarrow W$$

The whole is complex:

The whole is more *and* less than the sum of its parts:

$$W \leq P_1 + P_2 (+ P_n)$$

The whole is not the sum of its parts:

$$W \neq P_1 + P_2 (+ P_n)$$

The 'whole' is not the whole:

$$W \neq W$$

The whole emerges from *and* constrains its parts:

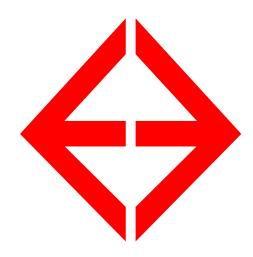
$$W \leftrightarrow W$$

The whole is complex:

$$W \Leftrightarrow W$$

proposing a symbol indicating a *complex relation* (concurrently *emergent* and *constraining*):

$$\langle + \rangle \rightarrow \Diamond$$



COMPLEXITY

characterizes systems and wholes based on *complex organizational interactions and relations* determined by *emergence* and *constraints*



COMPLEXITY

characterizes systems and wholes based on *complex organizational interactions and relations* determined by *emergence* and *constraints*



examples of complex systems:

living organisms, life itself, the brain, the mind, consciousness societies, cultures, languages

COMPLEXITY

characterizes systems and wholes based on *complex organizational interactions and relations* determined by *emergence* and *constraints*



examples of complex systems:

living organisms, life itself, the brain, the mind, consciousness societies, cultures, languages

music?

1. What is a complex system?

2. Why should music be considered a complex phenomenon?

3 reasons:

- a) Nobody can 'make music' alone.
- b) Music is always something other than just pure music.
- c) While music consists of very many different components, they can never be separated.

a) Nobody can 'make music' alone.

even solitary musicking as private pastime involves the roles of 'performer' and 'listener', albeit in a single person

what is generally perceived as a (worthwhile) musical experience rests on a communal, communicative aspect of sharing, creating & perceiving

∴ Music is a composite whole, resulting from different actions & interactions traditionally split up between *performer* and *listener*. (With the advent of musical notation in Europe these roles have further been diversified into those of *composer*, *performer*, *listener*.)

a) Nobody can 'make music' alone.

even solitary musicking as private pastime involves the roles of 'performer' and 'listener', albeit in a single person

what is generally perceived as a (worthwhile) musical experience rests on a communal, communicative aspect of sharing, creating & perceiving

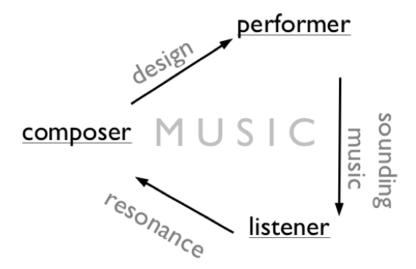
∴ Music is a composite whole, resulting from different actions & interactions traditionally split up between *performer* and *listener*. (With the advent of musical notation in Europe these roles have further been diversified into those of *composer*, *performer*, *listener*.)

expressed in complexity terms:

 $M \rightarrow \sum$ (contributions & interactions of C + P + L)

(read: Music emerges from the total sum of contributions of composer, performer and listener.)

Benjamin Britten's 'holy triangle' (requisite for music truly to emanate)



music originates from the interaction of composer, interpreter and listener

$$M \rightarrow C + P + L$$

b) Music is always something other than just pure music.

the creation and performance of music is inevitably contingent on cultural, historical, geographical conditions and contexts

therefore it always contains traces of such contexts (additional inherent information – 'message')

music is generally perceived as expressive, often even as a medium conveying ideas, values, aesthetic qualities (additional subjective, external associations – 'reception')

b) Music is always something other than just pure music.

the creation and performance of music is inevitably contingent on cultural, historical, geographical conditions and contexts

therefore it always contains traces of such contexts (additional inherent information – 'message')

music is generally perceived as expressive, often even as a medium conveying ideas, values, aesthetic qualities (additional subjective, external associations determine its 'reception')

expressed in complexity terms:

$$M = M + x_i + x_e$$

$$\therefore M \neq M$$

$$\therefore M \Leftrightarrow M$$

(read: Music is something different to each different pair of ears.)

c) While music consists of very many different components, they can never be separated.

there is good reason to split up music into distinct activities:

theoretical, harmonic, formal conception regarding the *composition*; technical, instrumental, acoustical requirements regarding the *performance*; idiomatic literacy, technical proficiency, regarding the *interpretation*; cultural, aesthetic consensus with audience regarding the *reception*

however, these must finally coalesce into a final, unified musical experience they do not make sense on their own

c) While music consists of very many different components, they can never be separated.

there is good reason to split up music into distinct activities

theoretical, harmonic, formal conception regarding the *composition*; technical, instrumental, acoustical requirements regarding the *performance*; idiomatic literacy, technical proficiency, regarding the *interpretation*; cultural, aesthetic consensus with audience regarding the *reception*

however, these must finally coalesce into a final, unified musical experience

expressed in complexity terms:

$$M \leftarrow [C \rightarrow (t + h + f)] + [P \rightarrow (t + i + a)] + [I \rightarrow (iI + tp)] + [R \rightarrow (cc + ac)]$$

 $M \leftarrow P_1 + P_2 + P_n$

(read: Music constrains / binds together a huge variety of components into a unified expression.)

Music is a complex phenomenon
emerging from interactions
of composer, performer and listener.

Music is a complex phenomenon emerging from interactions of different subjective agents.

Music is a complex phenomenon

emerging in highly diverse manners

from reciprocal actions of different subjective agents.

Music is a complex phenomenon

emerging in highly diverse manners

from reciprocal actions of different subjective agents.

It is autonomous by virtue of being structurally coupled to cultural (i.e. historical, social and geographical) contexts.

MUSIC AS COMPLEX PHENOMENON

- theory is not new rather summarizes age-old insight
- recognizes relationality as crucial element and conspicuous feature of complex systems
- allows for musical comparisons with other complex phenomena
- provides a new vocabulary to speak of and about music
- should not be understood as formulaic recipe theory needs to be fleshed out, practiced, 'lived'
- inherently recognizes that musical positions are particular, subjective, contingent and provisional
- provides a robust tool to unpack musical issues, negotiate positions, strategies;
- offers a super-disciplinary base for intra-disciplinary questions
- potentially has many and far-reaching implications for current (modernist) musical conventions

1. What is a complex system?

2. Why is music complex?

3. What are the implications?

a musical practice based on complexity principles will be

- a) contextual
- b) collaborative
- c) considerate
- d) conditional
- e) conjectural

a musical practice based on **com**plexity principles will be

a) contextual

to be understood in an ecological sense:

- any system is always part of a surrounding, supportive ecosystem
- immediate 'eco'-system functions as smallest sustainable survival unit
- the richer, (more diverse, nuanced) the better the living conditions

a musical practice based on **com**plexity principles will be

a) contextual

to be understood in an ecological environmental sense:

- any system is always part of a surrounding, supportive ecosystem
- immediate 'eco'-system functions as smallest sustainable survival unit
- the richer, (more diverse, nuanced) the better the living conditions

note:

contexts can be framed differently, subjectively, provisionally

i.e. geographical, cultural, historical, current, stylistic, personal, imagined...

contextual relationships & links are not necessarily linear, immediate, apparent, but more interesting when dynamic, differentiated, varied, adaptive

but music without any context is meaningless

In constrast, modernist musical practices attach little value to contextuality

viz:

- 'avant- garde' movements deliberately cut ties with traditions
- the 'international generic' is based on the assumption that 'naturalized idioms' have attained global quality
- internationalisation pretends that artistic expressions can randomly be transplanted
- marketing strategies evoke music as 'universal language'; i.e. clearly do not value specific qualities
- the soloist / prima donna (lone fighter, winner) enjoys highest musical status

a musical practice based on complexity principles will be

b) collaborative

principally acknowledging the systemic, relational nature of music by definition constituted through multiple contributors allows for dialogue, encounter, engagement, enrichment, growth

a musical practice based on complexity principles will be

b) collaborative

principally acknowledging the systemic, relational nature of music by definition constituted through multiple contributors

allows for dialogue, encounter, engagement, enrichment, growth

delineation:

not for altruistic, but for structural reasons

collaborations are far more difficult to facilitate than competitions, as they must allow for the unexpected, interferences, differences, disturbances to enter into the artistic process

require risk taking, negotiations, compromises, adaptability, patience...

modernist musical practices privilege competition over collaboration

viz:

- international competitions hold enormous prestige (make or break careers)
- indicate direct adoption of Darwinian principles (assumedly 'natural' selection)
 into cultural sphere
 - (biologists now recognize symbioses as far more important evolutionary achievement, long before competition comes into play)
- competitive structures (exams, auditions, Eisteddfods) uphold hierarchies within the music industry

a musical practice based on complexity principles will be

c) considerate

based on an attitude of give and take by all (role) players

levelling out hierarchies

attentive, communicative, nuanced, mindful, reaching out

a musical practice based on complexity principles will be

c) considerate

based on an attitude of give and take by all (role) players

levelling out hierarchies

attentive, communicative, nuanced, mindful, reaching out

delineation:

this does not imply that music should be 'nice' or that artistic principles should be dropped

implies an attitude of mindfulness, not lenience

modernist musical practice favours the authoritative professional

viz:

idealized figures (*Maestro*, star, prima donna, virtuoso, etc.) are esteemed because of their status, autonomy, proficiency because of their 'know-how' and superior ability they need not consult anymore performances by such figures are readily hailed as landmarks, even if (or because?) they are inclined to be overly self-assertive (i.e. fully inconsiderate)

a musical practice based on complexity principles will be

d) conditional

referring to specific circumstances, available means, forces etc.

conditions factually determine 'how' music comes into existence / is performed / perceived

act as 'gateway' for specific musical 'realizations'

though principally peripheral to the musical process, they inevitably affect it

a musical practice based on complexity principles will be

d) conditional

referring to specific circumstances, available means, forces etc.

conditions factually determine 'how' music comes into existence / is performed / perceived

act as 'gateway' for specific musical 'realizations'

though principally peripheral to the musical process, they inevitably affect it

note:

context & condition are related concepts:

context refer to the broader, general 'environment'; conditions describe the state of the environment, i.e. immediate circumstances, actual situations

modernist musical practice tends to create its own 'artificial' conditions viz:

- 'soundsystems' may be installed to overcome acoustic conditions
- 'world-class musos' will in principle outplay local practitioners
- flagship projects conjuring up disproportionate sponsorship, hype
- privileges singular events (art-festival, master-class, gala-concert) over sustainable practice

a musical practice based on complexity principles will be

e) conjectural

where there are no absolute norms, subjective, self-responsible, bold musical decisions are the only way to go by

will favour the individual (over the canonical) voice

note:

conjectures need not be altogether random but can, in fact, be well-informed hence *informed performance practice* has become such an important concept

modernist musical practice relies on canonic conventions

viz:

- frowns upon conjecture
- instead favours streamlined commodification (based on closed, formulaic, repeatable universal, so called 'professional' approaches)

Since the practice of music is a complex affair, so are the current musical crises.

It will require complex thinking about music, rather than modernist strategies, to address them.

Since the practice of music is a complex affair, so are the current musical crises.

It will require complex thinking about music, rather than modernist strategies, to address them.

Under the circumstances I consider it of the utmost importance to develop a

COMPLEXITY THEORY OF MUSIC.

